

THE OLD WORLD.

Vigorous Measures of Relief Adopted to Aid the Sufferers by the Flood.

The Receding Waters Reveal the Terrible Ruin Wrought.

Vast Areas of Land Totally Destroyed by Sand and Debris.

The German Reichstag Discusses the Prohibition of American Park.

The Formation of a British North African Empire Predicted.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

THE STEAMSHIP LOSSES.

LIVERPOOL, January 9.—The owners of the steamer Kirby Hall have filed a claim for \$5,000 damage to their vessel by its collision with the City of Brussels. The insurance claim \$100,000 as their loss on the City of Brussels, exclusive of the claims for the cargo lost and the claims of the families of those drowned.

LOSS AT SEA.

The British ship, British Empire, from Shields for Bombay, was burned at sea. Ten persons were saved, but two boats containing the captain and mate and fourteen hands are missing.

THE GERMAN REICHSTAG.

Berlin, January 9.—The Reichstag resumed sitting today. The importation of American pork was discussed. Reichert said there were no reasons whatever for the prohibition of its importation. The federal commission stated the matter was before the board of health. Discussion was not terminated and no decision was made, but should prohibition be issued it would be brought to the cognizance of the Reichstag.

SUNDAY IN GERMANY.

Berlin, January 9.—A petition signed by over 6,000 persons has been presented to the Reichstag, asking the enactment of a law closing all commercial and industrial establishments on Sunday.

THE FLOOD SUFFERERS.

Bismarck stated the emperor had granted 600,000 marks of the imperial treasury funds as a contribution for the relief of the sufferers by the inundations. Bismarck said he was personally charged by the emperor to bring about a speedy application of the money. [Universal applause.] He therefore desired to have an understanding with the deputies from the inundated districts, to whom he wished to see the entire sum transmitted. He missed, he said, the names of the deputies representing the Alsatians from the appeal of the deputies for aid, but he hoped they would attach themselves to work. He requested the deputies from Bavaria, Baden, Wurttemberg, Hesse and Prussia to visit him and discuss the manner in which the sum the emperor had granted should be applied. The Frankfurt Zeitung received already large sums including 15,000 marks from New York, in aid of the sufferers by floods. The same paper organized a rapid distribution of funds and will gladly receive further contributions from the United States.

THE FLOOD RECORDING.

Vienna, January 9.—The water is steadily falling all over Hungary, except in the Pech district.

Wiesbaden, January 9.—The Rhine here is now five feet below highest point, which was Friday last. The main has fallen eight feet at Frankfurt. As water retreats the ravages become terribly apparent. Many districts will probably never regain their former prosperity.

UPROOTING A CEMETERY.

Vienna, January 9.—The dyke protecting the suburb of Rasb broke this afternoon, and the water rushing in, ploughed up the ground in the cemetery. Caskets and human remains are drifting with the current.

GAMBETTA'S RESIDENCE PLACE.

Paris, January 9.—Gambetta's father telegraphed to-day to President Grevy, requesting him to send Gambetta's body to Nice. A delegation has gone to Nice to endeavor to induce the father to alter his decision. The autopsy proved Gen. Cavaignac's death was due to the bursting of a blood vessel during sleep.

THE ANARCHISTS.

Lyons, January 9.—At the trial of anarchists all complained of vexatious treatment in prison, which the public prosecutor denies. Several made a profession of revolutionary faith. In consequence of rumors of outrages mediated at the trial, the police have taken extraordinary precautions.

Prince Krapotkin was among those examined. He unhesitatingly admitted he had always labored to consolidate the anarchist party, and diffuse anarchist ideas. He denied the right of the French tribunal to canvass his actions about France. He avowed his co-operation in the creation of the International association. When his party had to choose between extinction or resort to dynamite, he would, he declared, employ the latter. He admitted he was charged to represent the Lyonsese Federation at the solicitation of the congress of London that he had been expelled from Switzerland on the demand of Russia, for protesting against the execution of Sophie Perovskaya, and he had lectured on anarchist principles at meetings in Lyons and at St. Etienne. The president of the court reproached Krapotkin with having violated Krapotkin's hospitality. The prince replied that his object had been to instruct the people. He had visited Vienna to see the anarchists of whom Krapotkin told him. The president of the court read several letters proving Krapotkin's connection with pronounced anarchists in Lyons and vicinity.

FATAL TRIAL TRIP.

London, January 9.—The Times, on the disaster of the City of Brussels, says: "If vessels manned and equipped as the Kirby Hall was are sent out on trial trips no wonder collisions and wrecks occur."

IMPROVING SUEZ CANAL.

Paris, January 9.—The Suez canal works committee adopted the directors' programme for the improvements of the canal, estimated to cost 23,000,000 francs.

A MEETING ST. PETERSBURG.

St. Petersburg, January 9.—The meeting announced at Clifney under the auspices of Sexton and Healy, has been proclaimed. A large force of police has been drafted into the district.

SOUTH AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

Panama, December 30.—President Calles, of Colombia, died December 24, and Dr. Jose E. O'Leary was sworn into office and a new ministry formed. A riot occurred in Aspinwall, December 24, caused by the attempt of some Jamaicans to board the British steamer Medway, on which they had some friends. They were attacked by a mob and one killed and one wounded. The police then began indiscriminate firing on the Jamaicans, shooting wherever one appeared. Finally the Colombian Guard was called out and it succeeded in dispersing the police and restoring order.

A GIVING EMPIRE.

London, January 9.—Joseph Cowen, M. P., in an address to his constituents at Newcastle, said the government would be compelled to annex Egypt, which would lead to the breaking up of the Turkish empire and the commencement of the formation of a British North African empire.

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able for Friday next, and Judge Barrett signed it. It directed the Mutual Union telegraph company to show cause on Friday next why its charter should not be vacated.

Tabor Troubles.

A Sad Scene in a Court Room in Colorado.

The Divorce of Lieutenant Governor Tabor and Wife.

Denver Republican.

A reporter entered the county court room yesterday afternoon about 5 o'clock, and found six persons there—Judge Harrington, County Clerk Steele, Sheriff Spangler, Mr. Steck, Mr. Rockwell and a woman. The woman was on the witness stand and was being questioned by Mr. Steck. It did not take the reporter long to "catch on," as to speak, to what was going on. The lady was Mrs. Augusta L. Tabor, the wife of Colorado's lieutenant governor and Lieutenant Governor H. A. W. Tabor. The occasion of her being there was that she had applied for a legal separation from her husband. Mr. Tabor was asked but a few questions, and those went to show that she sought a separation from her husband simply on the ground of desertion and nothing else. She testified that Mr. Tabor had deserted her without cause in the summer of 1880, and that since the January following that summer had not contributed one dollar to her support. When asked by the judge if there was any collusion between herself and Governor Tabor in trying to procure a divorce, she hesitated somewhat and then said there was. Her counsel, Judge Steck, explained the matter in this way:

"The collusion exists only as to Mrs. Tabor consenting to take a certain sum of money to procure a divorce from the defendant and that in no other respect was there a collusion between the parties."

"The governor has given me \$1,000 a year and the home in which I now live. I value them at \$250,000," said Mrs. Tabor. "That is all," she added sadly. "He is worth \$3,000,000, and that is all I get. I should have half."

Mr. Rockwell took the stand and corroborated Mrs. Tabor's testimony in regard to the desertion of Gov. Tabor. He said he was willing, as the attorney for the defense, to admit everything charged in the plea. When asked about Gov. Tabor having secured a divorce at Durango last March, Mr. Rockwell replied that he knew the divorce was procured.

"Fraudulently," said Mrs. Tabor. "Yes, fraudulently," said Mr. Steck.

"I told Mr. Tabor," said Mr. Rockwell, "that it was not worth the paper it was written upon, and advised him to secure another. I have been working for that some time."

Judge Steck said there was nothing more to be said and he hoped his honor would grant the divorce.

"Judge," remarked Mrs. Tabor, "I wish you would enter upon the record 'Not willingly asked for.' Here her feelings so overcame her that she burst into tears and repeated to herself several times, 'Oh, God! not willingly, not willingly.'"

Judge Harrington, in summing up, said he was satisfied that the plaintiff's story was true in every particular, and had no hesitation in granting the plea, and with a few scratches of the pen H. A. W. Tabor and Mrs. Augusta L. Tabor were declared legally separated, and free to marry again.

When Mrs. Tabor was handed a paper to sign, she turned to Mr. Steck, and said with a hysterical sob, "What is my name?"

"Your name is Tabor, ma'am," he replied. "Keep the name, it is yours by right."

"I will," she replied, "it is mine till I die. It is good enough for me to take. It is good enough for me to keep. Judge, I ought to thank you for what you have done, but I cannot; I am not thankful, but it was the only thing left for me to do," and bowing to the court she left the room, as Mrs. Tabor, but the wife of Governor Tabor no more.

Success to Connor.

Southern Nebraska Advance.

The anti-magopolists carried the organization of the state senate by five majority, and the republicans the house by four, thus giving them the majority on joint ballot. Everything points to the election of an anti-magopolist to the United States senate, and Gen. Connor, of Kearney, seems to have a very heavy light thrown on him as the fortunate man. If this should be the case the mantle will fall on shoulders who will do no discredit to it, for the man who was chairman of a republican central committee long before the war and has stood firm to principles of republicanism through scenes of courage and since until the last campaign, and then showed manhood enough to come out and denounce the candidate who was foisted upon the people of the Third district, will make a record in the United States senate of which Nebraska yeomanry may well be proud. Success to Connor is our wish.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.
HARRISBURG, January 9.—Two freight trains on the Pennsylvania road collided at Clark's Ferry this morning demolishing the engines and a number of cars, and killing a fireman, and seriously injuring and endangering several others. Several cars were thrown into the residence of the division boss located near the track and imprisoning himself and family amid the wreck. They were rescued without serious injury.

Gov Grant Installed.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.
DENVER, January 9.—Jas B. Grant, governor-elect of Colorado, was inaugurated with impressive ceremonies this afternoon. His address was an able one and is well received. Gov. Grant was the only democrat elected on the state ticket last November.

Council Bluffs Driving Park.

At a meeting of the Driving Park association last evening the following were elected as directors: J. W. Perry, H. E. Eisman, G. F. Wright, J. T. Hart, W. S. Pattison, P. Lacy, Thos. Bowman, N. M. Pusey and A. B. McKone.

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